

Travertine Company

Public Shareholding Company

Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

31 March 2022

Travertine Company
Public Shareholding Company

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Report on Review of Condensed Interim Financial Statements

To The Board of Directors
Travertine Company
Public Shareholding Company
Al Balqa - Jordan

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim financial statements of **Travertine Company PLC**, comprising the interim statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022 and related interim statement of profit or loss, interim statement of comprehensive income, interim statement of changes in equity and interim statement of cash flows for the three-months period then ended and the notes about condensed interim financial statements. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed interim financial statement in accordance with International Accounting Standard number (34) "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagement number (2410) "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of condensed interim financial statement consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The accompanying condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and as indicated in the interim statement of financial position the Company accumulated losses (including the accumulated changes in fair value) reached (91%) of its capital, and the Company suffers from financial difficulties due to liquidity problems. This situation indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. And its continuity depends on its ability to implement the management plan which is mentioned in note (6).

Basis of Qualified Conclusion

- During the years 2017 and 2018 the Company did not depreciate some of its plant and equipment related to the production factory, this resulted in a decrease in depreciation expenses by amount of JOD (369,597), and increase in equity by the same amount.
- We were unable to validate the balance of several accounts receivables amounting to JOD (327,380) as at 31 March 2022, as we could not receive confirmations from these receivables or perform any alternative procedures.
- We were unable to validate the balance of The Board of director's Vice-President Mr. Kem Fouad Abu Jaber debit account amounting to JOD (31,963) as at 31 March 2022.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our review, with the exception of the matter described in the basis of qualified conclusion paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard number (34) "Interim Financial Reporting".

Emphasis of Matter

The General Assembly of the Company decided in its extra ordinary meeting held on 8 August 2018, the merger of Travertine Company PLC with International Silica Industries Company PLC. The main Company is Travertine Company PLC, and International Silica Industries Company is the merged Company. The merger was not completed until the date of the condensed interim financial statements.

27 April 2022
Amman - Jordan



Arab Professionals
Amin Samara
License No. (481)

Travertine Company
Public Shareholding Company
Interim Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2022
(In Jordanian Dinar)

	31 March 2022 (Unaudited)	31 December 2021 (Audited)
Assets		
Non - current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	936,639	976,436
Right of use assets	59,816	61,581
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	1	1
Total non - current assets	<u>996,456</u>	<u>1,038,018</u>
Current assets		
Inventories	895,425	880,187
Spare parts	142,865	137,325
Accounts receivable	362,341	354,367
Amounts due from related parties	59,777	60,335
Other assets	57,587	58,716
Cash and cash equivalents	17,951	5,149
Total current assets	<u>1,535,946</u>	<u>1,496,079</u>
Total assets	<u>2,532,402</u>	<u>2,534,097</u>
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		
Paid-in capital	4,600,000	4,600,000
Statutory reserve	181,803	181,803
Accumulated changes in fair value of financial assets	(313,505)	(313,505)
Accumulated losses	(3,887,699)	(3,820,451)
Net equity	<u>580,599</u>	<u>647,847</u>
Liabilities		
Non - current liabilities		
Credit facilities - long term	309,497	339,575
Lease obligation - long term	55,628	55,628
Deferred checks - long term	19,743	36,995
Amounts due to related parties	205,324	205,324
Total Non - current liabilities	<u>590,192</u>	<u>637,522</u>
Current liabilities		
Credit facilities - short term	160,000	132,000
Lease obligation - short term	9,428	7,705
Deferred checks - short term	94,364	86,988
Accounts payable	627,415	579,223
Other liabilities	470,404	442,812
Total current liabilities	<u>1,361,611</u>	<u>1,248,728</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,951,803</u>	<u>1,886,250</u>
Total equity and liabilities	<u>2,532,402</u>	<u>2,534,097</u>

“The accompanying notes from (1) to (6) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report”

Travertine Company
Public Shareholding Company
Interim Statement of Profit or Loss For the Three Months Ended at 31 March 2022

(In Jordanian Dinar)

	<u>31 March 2022 (Unaudited)</u>	<u>31 March 2021 (Unaudited)</u>
Net sales	262,188	103,054
Cost of sales	<u>(257,837)</u>	<u>(170,234)</u>
Gross profit (loss)	4,351	(67,180)
Selling and distribution expenses	(3,288)	(10,302)
Administrative expenses	(57,138)	(44,855)
Financing expenses	<u>(11,173)</u>	<u>(11,522)</u>
Loss for the period	<u>(67,248)</u>	<u>(133,859)</u>
Basic and diluted loss per share for the period	<u>(0.015)</u>	<u>(0.029)</u>

“The accompanying notes from (1) to (6) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report”

Travertine Company
Public Shareholding Company
Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended at 31 March 2022
(In Jordanian Dinar)

	31 March 2022 (Unaudited)	31 March 2021 (Unaudited)
Loss for the period	(67,248)	(133,859)
Other Comprehensive income item:		
Changes in fair value of financial assets through other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(67,248)	(133,859)

“The accompanying notes from (1) to (6) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report”

Travertine Company
Public Shareholding Company
Interim Statement of Changes in Equity
For the Three Months Ended at 31 March 2022 (Unaudited)

(In Jordanian Dinar)

	<u>Paid - In capital</u>	<u>Statutory reserve</u>	<u>Accumulated changes in fair value of financial assets</u>	<u>Accumulated losses</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at 1 January 2022	4,600,000	181,803	(313,505)	(3,820,451)	647,847
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(67,248)	(67,248)
Balance at 31 March 2022	<u>4,600,000</u>	<u>181,803</u>	<u>(313,505)</u>	<u>(3,887,699)</u>	<u>580,599</u>
Balance at 1 January 2021	4,600,000	181,803	(286,590)	(3,155,625)	1,339,588
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(133,859)	(133,859)
Balance at 31 March 2021	<u>4,600,000</u>	<u>181,803</u>	<u>(286,590)</u>	<u>(3,289,484)</u>	<u>1,205,729</u>

“The accompanying notes from (1) to (6) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report”

Travertine Company
Public Shareholding Company
Interim Statement of Cash Flows For The Three Months ended at 31 March 2022

(In Jordanian Dinar)

	31 March 2022 (Unaudited)	31 March 2021 (Unaudited)
Operating activities		
Loss for the period	(67,248)	(133,859)
Depreciation	39,987	43,659
Right of use assets depreciation	1,764	1,764
Lease obligation interest	1,723	1,851
Changes in working capital		
Accounts receivable	(7,974)	(27,853)
Inventories	(15,238)	5,495
Spare parts	(5,540)	1,602
Other assets	1,129	(8,702)
Amount due from/to related parties	558	5,558
Deferred checks	(9,876)	83,369
Accounts payable	48,192	109,040
Other liabilities	27,593	(33,749)
Net cash flows from operating activities	15,070	48,175
Investing activities		
Property, plant and equipment	(190)	-
Financing activities		
Credit facilities	(2,078)	7,084
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	12,802	55,259
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	5,149	6,585
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	17,951	61,844

"The accompanying notes from (1) to (6) are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements and read with review report"

Travertine Company
Public Shareholding Company
Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)
31 March 2022

(In Jordanian Dinar)

1 . General

Travertine Company PLC. was established on 1 June 1999 as a Public Shareholding Company and registered at the Ministry of Trade and Industry under number (338). The Company head office is in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan. The Company's main objective is mining to extract travertine rocks to produce all related products.

The Company shares are listed in Amman Stocks Exchange - Jordan.

The condensed interim financial statements have been approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 27 April 2022.

2 . Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard number (34) "Interim Financial Reporting". They do not include all of the information required in annual financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for investment securities, which have been measured at fair value.

The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Jordanian Dinar which is the functional currency of the Company.

The accounting policies are consistent with those used in the previous period, except for the adoption of new and amended standards effective as at the beginning of the year.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the condensed interim financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of financial assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities. These estimates and assumptions also affect the revenues and expenses and the resultant provisions and in particular, considerable judgment by management is required in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about several factors involving varying degrees of judgment and uncertainty and actual results may differ resulting in future changes in such provisions.

Management believes that the estimates are reasonable and are as follows:

- Management reviews periodically the tangible assets in order to assess the depreciation for the year based on the useful life and future economic benefits. Any impairment is taken to the interim statement of profit or loss.
- The measurement of impairment losses under IFRS 9 requires judgment, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. Elements of the expected credit loss model that are considered accounting judgments and estimates include Probability of default (PD), Loss given default (LGD) and Exposure at default (EAD).
- Inventories are held at the lower of cost or net realizable value. When inventories become old or obsolete, an estimate is made of their net realizable value. For individually significant amounts this estimation is performed on an individual basis. Amounts which are not individually significant, but which are old or obsolete, are assessed collectively and a provision applied according to the inventory type and the degree of ageing or obsolescence, based on historical selling prices.
- Because of the nature of this industry, management is using its judgment for identifying some of the travertine rock quantities.

3 . Income tax

- The Company has settled its tax liability with the Income Tax Department up to the year 2018.
- The income tax returns for the years 2019 and 2020 have been filed with the Income Tax Department, and the Department has reviewed the Company's records and rejected it, the decision will be contested.
- The income tax returns for the year 2021 have been filed with the Income Tax Department, but the Department has not reviewed the Company's records till the date of this report.
- No income tax provision has been calculated for the three month period ended at 31 March 2022, because the taxable expenses exceed the taxable income.

4 . Contingent liabilities

- The Company is contingently liable against several labor rights lawsuits filed against the Company, currently these cases are pending for future sessions.
- The Company is contingently liable against letters of guarantees amounting to JOD (19,000).

5 . Fair Value of Financial instruments

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values as most of these items are either short-term in nature or re-priced frequently.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the interim statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

31 March 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	1	1
31 December 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	1	1

6 . Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The accompanying condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and as indicated in the interim statement of financial position, the Company's accumulated losses (including the accumulated changes in fair value) represent 91% of its share capital, and the Company suffers from financial difficulties due to liquidity problems. This situation indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, and its continuity depends on its ability to implement the management's plan, which includes the Company starting the necessary maintenance procedures to increase productivity, selling and utilizing the idle blocks and products in competitive prices. The Company will also focus on local and foreign marketing and introduce new products and ores, especially Basalt.